# WCPSS Parent Guide to Letterland Practice





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# Introduction

You have just received a summer enrichment package from Wake County Public Schools with many wonderful tools in it. However, you may be wondering what exactly you are expected to do with them. In this simple guide, Letterland will walk you through how to use the materials given to you by your child's school to improve their reading and spelling over these last few weeks of summer. The ideas in this document are suggestions of activities that you and your child can do. You may use all of them or just a few, but you should **do at least one activity every day**. How much time you spend practicing is also up to you. You know your child's stamina best, but a good goal is 15-30 minutes daily.

As you saw from the Table of Contents, this document is broken up into sections. Below is a brief description of each section.

*Practicing Sounds:* This section focuses on helping your child master all 44 sounds in English and knowing which letter(s) can be used to make those sounds in words. Only use this section if your child needs to practice letters and sounds. A guide to the letters and sounds taught in Letterland is at the beginning of this section to help you.

*Reading and Spelling Words:* This is the most important section of the document. You and your child should do at least one activity from this section every day. Learning to read and spell words accurately and quickly is one of the most important skills to be learned at this stage in your child's education. Some of the activities are designed to help you teach how to read and spell words and some of them are designed to help your child read and spell more automatically.

*Putting It All Together:* This section is all about practicing the skills your child has been learning. Activities will focus on reading stories and writing about them. These activities can be done as part of your daily practice or as an extension of your family's story time.

*Further Resources:* This appendix offers links to other tools and resources that Letterland and Wake County Public Schools recommend for further enrichment.

These are unusual circumstances and everyone is worried about learning gaps. Wake County Public Schools and Letterland understand your concerns and strive to provide you with effective tools to help your child grow. These tools and activities align with the regular, on-campus curriculum in Wake County and can be a bridge to standard learning. Most importantly though, we want you and your child to have fun while learning.

So, let's all go to Letterland!

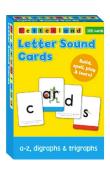


# **Practicing Sounds**

Many rising 3rd graders know all of the letters and sounds, but if your child still struggles with any of them, it is worth the time to practice. Knowing letter-sound correspondences automatically helps make reading and spelling easier. Sound practice is a great way to start your lesson with your child and should only take 2-3 minutes.

### How do I know which ones to teach?

The easiest way to discover which letter-sound correspondences your child needs to practice is to write down any that he/she doesn't know when you are reading or spelling with them. Then, pull those cards from the *Letter-Sound Cards (LSC)* that came in your enrichment package and use them in any one of the activities below.

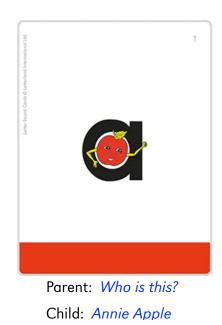


For example, let's say that you give your child the following words to read: *flu, thin, that, chin, music, minus and robot.* 

You showed them	They read this	LSC needed		
flu	flu			
thin	t-hin	th		
that	t-hat	ħ		
chin	kin	ch		
music	mu-sic	S		
minus	mi-nus			
robot	ro-bot			

Pull the three cards from above and practice just them. If you notice other sounds your child needs practice with, you can add them to the stack. Take cards out when your child has mastered them (answering correctly 3-5 times on separate days) and put them back in if they start to have trouble again.

If you want to be absolutely certain which letters and sounds they know, you can quiz them on the entire stack of *Letter-Sound Cards*. Take about 10 cards every day and ask your child to tell you who the Letterlander is on the character side. Flip it to the plain side and ask for the sound that letter(s) make. Put any that he/she misses to one side and when you have finished, those become the letter-sound correspondences you practice. An example of this process is on the next page.





Parent: What sound does she make? Child: /ă/

### **Sound Practice Activities**

#### **Quick Dash & Sounds Race**

This activity helps children recognize sounds automatically so that they can blend them to read better.

Materials: Letter Sound Cards

Procedure: \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

### Quick Dash

 Show the picture side. Children: "Clever Cat and Harry Hat Man."



2. Show the plain letter side. Children: /ch/

### Sounds Race

- 1. Show plain letters.
- 2. Children say the sounds only.
- 3. Repeat more quickly (1 or 2 times).



You can ask your child to give the letter name after they give the sound as an optional final step.

#### **Guess Who?**

This activity supports accurate spelling by helping children think through all the letters that could represent a sound.

Materials: Letter Sound Cards, white board or piece of paper, markers or other writing tool

Procedure:

### **Guess Who?**

- 1. Say the sound with the LSC out of sight.
- 2. Child repeats the sound.
- 3. Say, Guess Who?

..........

- 4. Child names the Letterlander(s) or the letters or write them on a whiteboard or paper.
- 5. Show the LSC picture side to confirm their answer, or if incorrect, give feedback to elicit the correct answer.

#### **Phonics Workbooks**

Included in your package is a set of *Phonics Workbooks* which provide simple independent practice to reinforce Letterland concepts such as sounds, handwriting, reading and spelling words. They follow the scope and sequence of the program. Workbooks 1 and 2 focus on very simple letter-sound correspondence while later ones like Workbook 6 focus on reading comprehension. With 126 pages of engaging practice, your child should aim to do a few every day.

#### Letterland Website

• *Phonics Online* has a section called "Meet the Letterlanders" where your child can click on a character and learn all about them. WCPSS has provided your child access to this through August 31st.



• <u>us.letterland.com/covid-19</u> is the landing page for

Letterland's coronavirus resources. You can find many games and activities and resources here.

Activity Bank
Simple activities to try at home.
Letter Hunt

Letterland Jingles Making Words Game - i, ie, oi Making Words Game - o, oa, ow Making Words Game - u, ue, oo Short Vowels Bingo Silly Questions Sort It Out Who Likes...?

#### Letter Shapes and Sounds

#### Letter Shapes

Letters for Picture Coding - aA-zZ Letters for Picture Coding - Digraphs Letters for Picture Coding - Vowels Little Letter Cards Matching Game - Lower and Uppercase

#### Letter Sounds

Letter Sounds Pronunciation Guide Who's Who In Letterland?

#### Parent's Guide Resources

Supporting resources from our Parent's Guide. Further audio and video resources are available here. Traditional Alphabet Names Who's Who Handwriting Practice b-d Finger Puppets Activity Blending Activity Word Building Activity Spelling Patterns High Frequency Words

# **Reading and Spelling Words**

Helping your child learn to read and spell words accurately and automatically will be the most important part of your work with them this summer. Every day should include some practice either reading or spelling words. You can do both with your child in one day if you would like, but do all the reading practice before switching to spelling practice. That is less likely to confuse him or her. Below are examples of activities that you can do.

### **Building Words for Reading**

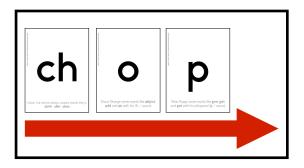
Make a list of 5-10 words for practice. Guidance for choosing words is at the end of this section. If your child is able, mix in both single and multisyllabic words.

Cerds Ce

Materials: Letter Sound Cards, reading direction arrow, cookie sheet (optional)

Procedure:

- 1. Draw or download a red arrow like the one to the right. The arrow and the cards can be assembled on a cookie tray for neatness, but it isn't necessary. Collect all the LSCs you will need to build the words on your list.
- 2. Build the first word on your list with the LSC, plain side out. If it is a multisyllabic word, leave a space in between each syllable (e.g. *robot* would be **ro bot**).
- Ask your child to tap under each sound/card in the word and say the sound that card makes (e.g. *chop* would be **ch-o-p**). Then, ask him/her to blend the sounds together and say the entire word.



- 4. If it is a multisyllabic word, ask your child to tap the sounds/cards in each syllable separately before palming the syllables. Palming the syllables means having your child scoop their hand under each syllable as they read them. The entire process for the word *robot* would like below:
  - a. **r-o** to **ro** (child taps under each sound before blending)
  - b. **b-o-t** to **bot** (child taps under each sound before blending)
  - c. **ro-bot** to *robot* (child scoops under each syllable before blending)
- 5. Talk about the meaning of the word if you think it is unfamiliar to your child.

### Segmenting Words for Spelling

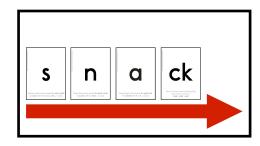
Make a list of 5-10 words for practice. Guidance for choosing words is at the end of this section. If your child is able, mix in both single and multisyllabic words. Words for spelling should usually be the same type of word that you practiced for reading.

Materials: *Letter Sound Cards* or downloadable letter tiles, reading direction arrow, cookie sheet (optional), white boards and markers (optional)

### Procedure:

- 1. Say the word you want your child to spell. Talk about the meaning if you don't think your child knows the word.
- 2. Say the word again and ask your child to say the sounds in the word out loud. (e.g. *snack* would be **s-n-a-ck**). If they use finger tapping too that is fine. It is a strategy they learned in class. Another strategy is to tap each sound they say on the reading direction arrow as they say it.

   /s//n/
- 3. Then, ask your child to build the word either by assembling the cards/tiles on the reading direction arrow or by writing the word on a white board.





F

i

f

Н

e

h

G

i

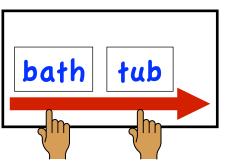
g

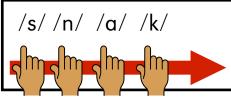
I

g

L

- 4. When he/she is finished building the word, ask them to go back and "touch and say" each sound in the word. Then, blend the sounds back together to read the whole word. If they made a mistake, now is the time to help him/her fix it.
- 5. If the word is a multisyllabic word, the process is almost the same. Before Step 2, you and your child would palm the syllables in the word before saying the sounds.
  - a. For example, in the word *bathtub*, your child would palm and say **bath-tub** first.
  - b. Then, he/she would go back to the first syllable *bath* and do Steps 2 and 3 above.
  - c. Repeat the process for the next syllable *tub*.
- 6. Then, ask your child to slide his/her finger under each syllable in the word and blend them together to read back the entire word they spelled.



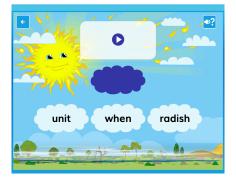


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#### Letterland Website

- *Phonics Online* has a section called "Phonics Games" where your child can practice reading and spelling words. WCPSS has provided your child access through August 31st.
- *us.letterland.com/covid-19* is the landing page for Letterland's coronavirus resources. You can find many games and activities and resources here.



### **Fluency Practice**

After your child has read and spelled many words and they seem to get them correct most of the time, it is time to add some fluency practice into your daily routine. Fluency practice is different, because the goal is to read the entire word out loud and to do it within about 5 seconds of seeing the word. This is important because the more fluently your child is able to read the words, the more brain power they have for understanding what the words mean.

#### **Fluency Activities**

Fluency practice can be as simple as writing each of the words you and your child have practiced on index cards or pieces of paper and then creating a "fat stack" and running through them as quickly as you can.

Other activities can include:

- seeing how many of the words on the word lists below your child can read in a minute.
- asking your child to sort the words on index cards by specific rules (e.g. sort by vowel sound, or "**sl**" vs. "**st**" words) and then read the words back when he/she is finished.
- playing *Snap*. This is a card game where you take the words you have written on index cards as well as 2-3 additional cards with the word "SNAP" on them and mix them up in a stack. Then, you take turns flashing cards to your child and yourself. If you or your child read the word correctly, you get to keep the card. If you don't, it goes back into the stack. If you get the card with the word "SNAP" written on it, all of your cards go back in the stack. The goal is to read all of the cards in the stack and whoever has the most cards wins.

### How Do I Choose Words to Read and Spell?

Attached to the end of this guide are lists of words for reading and spelling practice. Use the chart below to help you decide which list is best for your child.

If your child has trouble with these words	Then, start with words from these lists.
wag, ram, kick	Units 1-3
fox, sock, shell, rug	Units 4-7
flu, call, bull	Units 8-10
snack, plum, drum	Units 11-13
pond, bring, standing, brave	Units 14-16
slide, globe, slice, cube	Units 17-18
cheek, least, Pete, tray, afraid	Units 19-21
goat, know, pie, night, cold	Units 22-24
rescue, threw, sleepy	Units 25-26
skated, spilled, thanked, baked, born, barn	Units 27-29
score, floor, third, Thursday, father	Units 30-32
smooth, foot, proud, clown, coin	Units 33-36
crawl, couldn't, sprang	Units 37-39
bathtub, awful, rewrite, undo	Units 40-42
longer, cuddle, bread	Units 43-45

# **Putting It All Together**

This section is all about giving your child opportunities to practice all their skills while reading books and when writing their own work. What is most important here is that you and your child spend time together, learning and having fun.

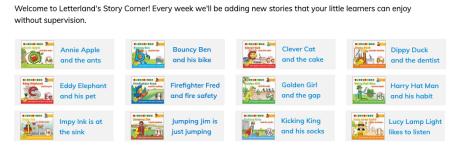
### **Reading Activities**

Reading *Phonics Readers* from Letterland Phonics
 Online. You choose the level that best fits your child's needs. WCPSS has provided access for your child through August 31st.



• Listening to stories read by Letterland creators, https://www.letterland.com/story-corner.

#### Letterland Story Corner



• Read stories with your child. Ask them to read the words and sentences they can, and you read the rest. Talk about the book afterwards. Have them look for words like the ones you have been practicing in the story.

#### Writing Activities

- Ask your child to write a response to the story that you and your child have just read. Maybe create a different ending for a favorite character or add a "What happens next?".
- Ask your child to write a note, letter, story, set of directions, anything that would be meaningful and fun to give them practice using the words they have been practicing.

## **Further Resources**

#### **Online Resources for Practice**

- Student center activities from the Florida Center of Reading Research
  - https://fcrr.org/student-center-activities/kindergarten-and-first-grade
  - https://fcrr.org/student-center-activities/second-and-third-grade
- Read-aloud suggestions from Jim Trelease's seminal work, The *Read-Aloud Handbook*, http://www.trelease-on-reading.com/rah-treasury-intro.html
- Reading Rockets parent homepage, https://www.readingrockets.org/audience/parents

#### Links to Letterland Resources for Activities

- Downloadable Letter Tiles, http://files.letterland.com/pdf/covid-19/Letterland\_Little-Letter-Cards.pdf
- Reading Direction Arrow, https://letterland.app.box.com/s/ 8ajkkflqn3nr9jii1qzsxbdtuo3i069g

#### Word Lists for Reading and Spelling Practice

See attached pages.



## Section A: Short Vowels & Consonant Digraphs

	l Init 1			Limit 2				
	Unit 1			Unit 2			Unit 3	
		A	dditional I	Real & Non	sense Wo	rds		
- <b>ad words</b> bad <u>cad</u>	- <b>ap words</b> bap dap	- <b>at words</b> dat pat	- <b>ack words</b> cack back	- <b>am words</b> bam cam	<b>-an words</b> ban yan	- <b>ix words</b> bix dix	- <b>in words</b> bin <u>din</u>	- <b>ick words</b> bick Rick
fad g <u>ad</u> had lad and pad <u>rad</u> t <u>ad</u> vad yad sad	fap gap hap jap pap rap <u>sap</u> vap wap <u>yap</u> zap	gat tat jat <u>vat</u> lat wat mat yat Nat zat	fack gack hack Jack lack mack vack yack Zack	fam gam lam mam nam ram <u>tam</u> vam yam zam	Dan zan gan han Jan Ian san	his jix nix pix rix vix vix wix yix six	hin jin kin lin min nin rin <u>sin</u> tin vin yin zin	fick tick hick vick jick wick mick yick nick zick
			Ch	allenge We	ords			
For Use aft catnap <u>madcap</u> fatcat	er Unit 1:		For Use afte madman madam fatback backpack ransack batman packrat	r Unit 2:		For Use aft hatpin sixpack fix-it within <u>backfin</u> sixpin <u>kickback</u>	er Unit 3:	

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## Section A: Short Vowels & Consonant Digraphs

	Unit 4			Unit 5		6	Unit 6	
		Ad	ditional Re		sense Wor	ds.		
-ock words bock gock <u>hock</u> jock <u>mock</u> nock	-op words bop cop dop fop gop jop	-ot words bot mot cot pot fot rot	- <b>ell words</b> bell <u>dell</u> fell jell kell lell	- <b>et words</b> bet det fet het jet ket	-en words Ben len den nen <u>fen</u> pen	-ug words cug dug fug gug <u>lugs</u> mugs	- <b>un words</b> cun <u>dun</u> <u>Hun</u> jun lun mun	- <b>ut words</b> dut nut fut rut gut sut
pock tock rock wock yock zock <u>chock</u> shock thock	Jop lop nop rop <u>sop</u> vop yop zop thop	j <u>ot</u> <u>sot</u> tot vot	mell pell well sell vell chell thell	ret set tet zet chet shet thet	jen ren <u>ken</u> sen	nug pug sug tugs vug wug yug zug chugs	nuns <u>puns</u> tun vun wun yun zun chun	jut tut lut thut
			Cha	llenge Wo	ords			
For Use after sockhop poptop laptop lockpick hotdog lapdog	er Unit 4:		For Use after madmen	er Unit 5:		For Use after cutback run-in shut-in rugrat	er Unit 6:	

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## Section A: Short Vowels & Consonant Digraphs

				Unit 7				
		Ad	ditional R	eal & Non	sense Wo	rds		
quim	jux	vams	kem	fog	al	lab	shep	dig
cab	tag	hip	mobs	gum	Sal	lag	hid	dip
quap	vib	mips	tiv	luck	Hal	wag	bib	Sid
shack	lab	rips	cobs	sum	nab	lip	bin	Sis
quib	fap	buds	wubs	pup	tab	<u>rig</u>	if	fig
cash	sag	bums	box	<u>buck</u>	nag	pit	hit	sit
quop	yan	subs	heg	Ned	pal	tip	<u>bid</u>	fit
whet	<u>shod</u>	tubs	fox	shot	bag	Tim	bit	kit
chib	shan	dud	peg	on	<u>dab</u>	Jim	<u>vim</u>	Kim
<u>shun</u>	bip	gum	рер	rob	<u>gab</u>	<u>wit</u>	yip	rib
chep	pesh	mud	webs	mobs	sob	hog	did	pig
kell	rid	nub	wed	pods	<u>con</u>	log	sip	lid
Beth	thubs	mum	fed	nods	jib	dash	fib	lit
us	dim	Ed	Ted	rods	sod	<u>hash</u>	hush	chat
hub	hum	led	Deb	Ron	cod	dish	lush	chug
rub	cub	<u>sham</u>	keg	Mom	jog	mesh	<u>gush</u>	<u>chum</u>
dog	cud	Mel	Jeb	<u>gob</u>	tot	rush	<u>josh</u>	<u>thud</u>
shin	ash	<u>lash</u>	cash	lob	<u>cog</u>	mush	chap	wham
moth	bash	<u>rash</u>	<u>gash</u>	mash	sash	fish	Chet	math
			Cho	allenge Wo	ords			
For Use aft	er Unit 7:							
<u>chinlock</u>		bobcat	upset		edit	unzip		suntan
uphill		Batman	<u>tomcat</u>		goblin	publish		sunlit
<u>wombat</u>		<u>tenpin</u>	bathmat		combat	<u>submit</u>		bathtub
midshipmer	<u>1</u>	<u>pigpen</u>	catfish		undid	polish		zigzag
<u>henpeck</u>		<u>shellshock</u>	shellfish		<u>misfit</u>	limit		whiplash
bedbug		<u>mascot</u>	tiptop		punish	solid		napkin
dishpan		<u>index</u>	cobweb		exit	cabin		nutmeg
chinup		<u>logjam</u>	sunset		<u>hotrod</u>	nutshell		<u>humbug</u>
sunbath		<u>rucksack</u>	catnip		hatbox	<u>sunfish</u>		finish
<u>vanquish</u>		<u>candid</u>	denim		radish	<u>tidbit</u>		<u>litmus</u>
<u>bandit</u>		poplin	<u>talcum</u>		tonsil	<u>hobnob</u>		<u>famish</u>

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## Section B: Consonant Blends & Magic e

	Unit 8		Unit 9			Unit 10		
		Ad	ditional R	eal & Non	sense Wo	rds		
de	che	ni	-all words	mixed list	mixed list	-ff words	-ll words	-ss words
zi	ro	hy	zall	word	<u>whim</u>	<u>buff</u>	chill	bass
je	whe	рі	thall	shed	beg	<u>muff</u>	quill	Bess
bo	VO	ју	dall	than	Meg	<u>riff</u>	bill	boss
ke	bi	ri	jall	whip	<u>hem</u>	<u>ruff</u>	zill	fuss
со	wo	ny	lall	<u>whiz</u>	peck	<u>chaff</u>	<u>lull</u>	lass
le	di	si	nall	deck	neck	<u>chuff</u>	<u>cull</u>	loss
fo	уо	ру	quall	luck	leg	<u>whiff</u>	<u>mill</u>	mass
ne	fi	ti	vall	tuck	rag	baff	<u>mull</u>	moss
ho	ZO	ry	rall	chick	wig	feff	gull	<u>muss</u>
re	ji	vi	sall	check	kid	hiff	hull	toss
јо	cho	sy		meck	jig	joff	Jill	tuss
ve	ki	wi		<u>chuck</u>	zip	luff	<u>null</u>	chess
lo	sho	ty		wheck	pip	naff	pill	shass
уе	li	yi		besh	miz	peff	sill	thiss
mo	tho	vy		lesh	shick	quiff	<u>till</u>	quess
ze	mi	fy		chuch	sheck	thoff	thill	duss
			Cho	allenge Wo	ords			
✤ For Use	after Unit 8:		For Use afte	er Unit 9:		✤ For Use after Unit 10:		
hero	robot	hotel	puffball		<u>callback</u>	uphill		mess-up
motel	<u>iris</u>	humid	mall-cop		<u>pinball</u>	toss-up		refill
minus	unit	menu	pitfall		kickball	resell		backless
<u>silo</u>	<u>banjo</u>	tulip	<u>catcall</u>		<u>befall</u>	capless		cashless
rerun	<u>lrish</u>	began	recall		<u>nutgall</u>	<u>remiss</u>		<u>dismiss</u>
relax	zero	bonus	falloff		<u>ashfall</u>	<u>fullness</u>		overfull
*These words	are ener and e	laad	<u>boxball</u>		<u>gadwall</u>			
	are open and c no blends or fin		<u>gumball</u>					
consonants w	hich is correlate	s with				✤These words	s are closed an	d open
	ght through Unit					syllables with	no blends. Tec	ichers should
	syllable as well a sed syllables sho						tudents recogn	
explicitly taug	ht here. Student	s need to					difference bet the <i>Best Frien</i>	
	erence in single s	-					g with these wo	
belore moving	g to multisyllabio	cones.						

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## Section B: Consonant Blends & Magic e

						a i lagit		
	Unit 11			Unit 12			Unit 13	
		Ad	lditional R	eal & Non	sense Wo	rds		
skill	slid	smash	<u>blab</u>	<u>fleck</u>	lup	truth	fry	frish
sky	slim	<u>smog</u>	bless	<u>flesh</u>	ploth	<u>bran</u>	<u>fret</u>	brez
<u>skid</u>	slab	<u>smug</u>	<u>blip</u>	flex	plon	<u>brass</u>	trash	preb
<u>skit</u>	<u>slit</u>	stim	blob	<u>flick</u>	flam	<u>brim</u>	trim	trug
sniff	<u>slob</u>	speff	blop	<u>floss</u>	plen	<u>broth</u>	<u>gram</u>	trit
snip	<u>slop</u>	spad	<u>blot</u>	flu	plud	brush	grid	gret
snag	slug	skep	<u>bluff</u>	fluff	gleff	bred	grill	trop
snug	<u>slog</u>	skib	blush	<u>flush</u>	cliz	crash	<u>grim</u>	frex
<u>snob</u>	<u>slum</u>	slad	clam	<u>glob</u>	glip	crib	grip	grud
staff	<u>span</u>	slox	<u>clack</u>	gloss	fflod	crop	<u>grit</u>	gren
stem	sped	smin	<u>clad</u>	plus	bloss	cross	grub	droth
stab	spun	smez	<u>clan</u>	plod	clim	crag	<u>gruff</u>	gruth
stub	spat	snull	clash	plot	plog	<u>cram</u>	<u>trot</u>	triz
<u>stag</u>	spit	snaff	<u>clod</u>	plum	plosh	<u>drab</u>	grad	priz
<u>stud</u>	<u>spud</u>	steg	clog	<u>glen</u>	clom	drag	prod	grat
Stan	swam	stip	click	<u>flab</u>	blid	drill	prop	dret
<u>stun</u>	<u>swish</u>	sposs	cloth	<u>plush</u>	clab	drug	pry	dren
slap	<u>swig</u>	sput	flock		blass	drum	prep	freb
<u>slat</u>	swum	swad	flap		fliss	frill	prom	frib
slick	smack	sweff	flash		clug	<u>frizz</u>	<u>prim</u>	drap
			Cho	allenge Wo	ords			
For Use aft	er Unit 11:		For Use aft	er Unit 12:		For Use aft	er Unit 13:	
bobsled			planet*			problem*		Alfred*
spandex			<u>reflex</u>			triplet*		frozen*
nonstop			<u>slipshod</u>			hundred*		program
<u>splendid</u>			<u>flagship</u>			gumdrop		secret*
grandslam			<u>blemish</u>			trumpet*		<u>bronco</u>
skillet*			blanket*			cricket*		tantrum
Spanish			closet*					
stupid			fluid					
			complex					

## Section B: Consonant Blends & Magic e

	Unit 14		Unit 15				Unit 16		
		Ad	ditional R	eal & Non	sense Wo	rds			
tent	bond	chent	-ng words	-nk words	suffix -ing	bake	tale	gake	
<u>dent</u>	fond	hist	cling	mink	<u>hashing</u>	take	<u>stale</u>	draze	
vent	stand	thisk	fling	blink	<u>mashing</u>	brake	<u>wade</u>	hape	
lent	vend	fent	string	brink	<u>lashing</u>	male	trade	dafe	
pant	lend	shont	spring	kink	yelling	sale	cape	blate	
rent	<u>fend</u>	zent	sling	clink	smelling	grade	shape	bave	
<u>rant</u>	fund	vunt	swing	link	resting	ape	fame	clade	
<u>tint</u>	grand	quist	clang	rink	crashing	flame	frame	fafe	
mint	task	hest	twang	slink	flashing	blame	shame	stame	
lint	<u>husk</u>	chust	fang	shrink	blushing	ate	Jane	jape	
hint	risk	hond	pang	chink	brushing	skate	date	flate	
<u>runt</u>	<u>dusk</u>	jast	slang	stink	falling	cave	state	blan	
hunt	<u>bask</u>	plunt	sprang	rank	fishing	wave	brave	smake	
<u>grunt</u>	disk	mest	gang	dank	mending	<u>base</u>	case	nake	
<u>dint</u>	<u>cask</u>	fost	tong	blank	handing	gaze	maze	pame	
tend	tusk	sund	prong	flank	planting	cane	fake	quame	
band	<u>rusk</u>	bast	gong	yank	branding	wake	rake	vate	
mend	<u>cast</u>	dosk	throng	tank	drinking	flake	Jake	yake	
rend	<u>mast</u>	shand	hung	clank	slanting	shake	whale	trape	
pond	pest	clest	rung	plank	honking	pale	shade	zake	
			Cho	allenge Wo	ords				
For Use aft	er Unit 14:		✤ For Use of	<ul> <li>✤ For Use after Unit 15:</li> </ul>			For Use after Unit 16:		
sandlot		absent*	slingshot		wingspan	handshake		caveman	
dentist		invent	<u>kingfish</u>		himself	baseball		inhale	
sandwich		sandblast	chipmunk		seventh	<u>clambake</u>		cupcake	
chestnut		insist	milkman		pumpkin	basement*		hotcake	
windmill		contest	insult		disrupt	<u>inflate</u>		classmate	
fishpond		sandbox	<u>humpback</u>		student*	insane		mistake	
handbag		demand	depend*		refund	escape		became*	
gallant*		<u>client</u>	respond*		defrost*	behave		<u>elate</u>	
student*		<u>prudent</u> *	♣These additio	onal challenge w	ords should be	<u>estate</u>		relate*	
defend		depend	used with caut	ion as they may ble construction:	contain closed				

## Section B: Consonant Blends & Magic e

	11:+ 17							
	Unit 17				Unit 18			
		Ad	ditional R	e <mark>al &amp; No</mark> nse	ense Words			
i_e words	o_e words	mixed list	u_e words	soft c words	soft g words	mix	ed list	
hide	joke	vime	<u>fume</u>	ace	<u>rage</u>	gr	rude	
<u>tide</u>	broke	bode	<u>mule</u>	pace	<u>wage</u>	sr	nule	
bride	<u>stroke</u>	bine	<u>fuse</u>	<u>brace</u>	stage	g	lute	
<u>glide</u>	pole	fote	<u>mute</u>	grace	change	C	reve	
bribe	bone	chope	<u>dune</u>	space	<u>range</u>	р	rane	
Mike	zone	scobe	dude	lace		dı	reve	
file	hope	wime	<u>crude</u>	slice		s	pive	
smile	stove	stine	tune	mice		Cr	ruce	
wide	hose	quipe	prune	price		i	ige	
pride	drove	nole	<u>duke</u>	spice		w	voge	
slide	robe	woze	rude	twice		r	uge	
<u>tribe</u>	code	flome	rule	<u>truce</u>		le	age	
hike	poke	kine	<u>brute</u>	<u>spruce</u>		g	rice	
strike	smoke	frote	<u>plume</u>	<u>thrice</u>		с	ate	
mile	choke	jire	<u>lute</u>	mace		C	oce	
wife	mole	frope		<u>trace</u>		n	ace	
dime	stole	fline				с	uge	
size	<u>cone</u>	slive				р	ege	
lime	lone	jope				f	oce	
			Cho	Illenge Wor	ds			
For Use aft	er Unit 17:		For Use afte	er Unit 18:				
<u>grapevine</u>		whalebone	embrace		spacecraft	disgrace	enge	age
trombone		frostbite	priceless		<u>exchange</u>	excite	volu	-
bedtime		landslide	advice		<u>dispute</u>	dispute	inclu	
postpone		<u>hemline</u>	replace*		costume			
explode		<u>bagpipe</u>	<u>absolute</u>		<u>consume</u> *			
inside		sunrise						
sometime		invite						
advise		<u>enclose</u>	Note:			f a a ft " a" l " "	at this a - : t -	
<u>dispose</u>		<u>expose</u>				of soft "c" and "g" Instruction page at		
suppose		bathrobe	document.			P - 35 40		l
								l

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### Section C: More Long Vowels

	Unit 19			Unit 20			Unit 21	
			Additi	onal Real	Words			
e_e words	ee words	ee words	weak	sneak	<u>squeal</u>	ai words	ai words	ay words
<u>eve</u>	leek	beef	seat	squeak	bleach	ail	gray	<u>gay</u>
<u>theme</u>	<u>leech</u>	sheep	east	steam	<u>breach</u>	aid	faint	jay
gene	peek	free	bead	cream	<u>bleak</u>	aim	<u>raid</u>	bay
Pete	reed	feed	leak	treat	<u>bleat</u>	paid	<u>slain</u>	ray
<u>cede</u>	<u>reek</u>	sheet	beak	beast	<u>creak</u>	maid	stain	hay
<u>eke</u>	tweed	speech	peak	<u>feast</u>	<u>dean</u>	fail	strain	fray
	peel	weed	heal	<u>yeast</u>	<u>cleat</u>	<u>bail</u>	saint	<u>sway</u>
	preen	<u>cheep</u>	meal	least	flea	rail	<u>taint</u>	gray
	reef	sweep	<u>lean</u>	deal	freak	jail	quaint	bray
	<u>reel</u>	jeep	<u>heap</u>	leash	<u>feat</u>	pail	frail	pray
	tweet	weep	leap	lead	<u>gleam</u>	<u>hail</u>		stray
	реер	deem	seam	beat	preach	chain		nay
	queen	speed	bean	treat	plead	braid		<u>slay</u>
	tee	<u>beech</u>	reap	cheat	<u>pleat</u>	snail		Fay
	teen	<u>deed</u>	peach	sea	<u>teak</u>	claim		-
	wee	creed	beach	<u>sheaf</u>	<u>veal</u>	drain		
	<u>bleep</u>	fee	wheat	steal	zeal	brain		
	breech	free	cheap	stream	tea	grain		
	beep	<u>meek</u>	<u>streak</u>	scream	<u>ream</u>	plain		
			Cho	allenge W	ords			
For Use aft	er Unit 19:		For Use aft	er Unit 20:		For Use aft	er Unit 21:	
beehive		<u>teepee</u>	retreat		<u>squeamish</u>	playpen*		runway
<u>stampede</u>		sixteen	teacup		peanut	crayon		railway
coffee		indeed	teapot		repeat*	payment*		mailbox
concrete		cheesecake	defeat*		peacock	paintbrush		raindrop
fifteen		nosebleed	<u>impeach</u>		beachball	maybe		daytime
athlete		<u>milkweed</u>	leaflet*		<u>beneath</u> *	subway		haystack
extreme		<u>replete</u> *	<u>repeal</u> *		<u>reveal</u> *	okay		decay*
<u>impede</u>		<u>flaxseed</u>				Friday		Sunday
sweepstakes	6	<u>esteem</u> *				display		hangnail
<u>beeline</u>		<u>discreet</u>				<u>retain</u> *		plaything

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### Section C: More Long Vowels

	Unit 22		Unit 23			Unit 24				
			Additi	ional Real	Words					
oa words	oa words	ow words	ie words	igh words		old words	ind words	mixed list		
soak	<u>oath</u>	mow	die	<u>nigh</u>		mold	finds	post		
<u>foal</u>	<u>broach</u>	blown	dies	sigh		sold	<u>bind</u>	host		
roast	goad	shown	died	flight		bold	<u>binds</u>	posts		
<u>gloat</u>	<u>coax</u>	glow	<u>fie</u> <u>plight</u>		<u>scold</u>	<u>rind</u>	troll			
<u>cloak</u>	roach	flown	lies	lies <u>slight</u>		folds	<u>rinds</u>	<u>toll</u>		
throat	moan	thrown	cries	<u>blight</u>		<u>wold</u>	minds	stroll		
toad	roam	bow	cried	thigh		<u>wolds</u>	<u>hinds</u>	poll		
<u>croak</u>	<u>hoax</u>	grown	dries	<u>bight</u>			winds	polls		
<u>boast</u>	<u>shoal</u>	<u>crow</u>	dried				blinds	<u>scroll</u>		
oats		own	fries				grind	<u>boll</u>		
<u>moat</u>		<u>sow</u>	fried				kinds	<u>droll</u>		
oak		<u>tow</u>	flies					<u>bolt</u>		
<u>coal</u>		bowl						<u>jolt</u>		
<u>poach</u>		growth						<u>colt</u>		
loaf		<u>stow</u>						<u>molt</u>		
foam		<u>mown</u>						volt		
groan		<u>sown</u>						wilds		
<u>oaf</u>										
<u>bloat</u>										
			Che	allenge W	ords					
For Use aft	er Unit 22:		For Use aft	er Unit 23:		For Use afte	er Unit 24:			
cockroach		<u>approach</u> *	spotlight		brighten*	<u>ahold</u> *		unfold		
<u>steamboat</u>		crossroads	<u>limelight</u>		flashlight	<u>olden</u> *		retold		
oatmeal		сосоа	frighten*		<u>twilight</u>	rewind		unwind		
<u>afloat</u> *		<u>encroach</u>	<u>insight</u>		highway	kindness*		unkind		
<u>reproach</u> *		pillow	delight*		highness*	remind		behind		
shadow		<u>bungalow</u>	tonight*		midnight	<u>mankind</u>		wind-up		
elbow		<u>fellow</u>	sunlight		lightning	wildcat		wildest		
<u>fallow</u>		widow	<u>upright</u>			<u>behold</u>		golden*		
rainbow		<u>minnow</u>				posting		compost		
window		<u>shallow</u>				postgame		<u>enroll</u> *		

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### Section C: More Long Vowels

		Unit 25				Unit 26	
			Additio	onal Real V	Words		
ue words	ui words	ew words	ew words		y as /ē/	y as /ē/	y as /ē/
sue	suits	news	pew		waxy	pity	holy
sues	bruise	brew	pews		puny	rocky	navy
clues	cruise	brews	<u>spew</u>		cozy	muddy	busy
<u>due</u>	<u>sluice</u>	crew	<u>spews</u>		wavy	dizzy	duty
<u>dues</u>	juices	crews	<u>yew</u>		nasty	hobby	shiny
glues		dew	<u>yews</u>		plenty	Betty	mummy
cue		screw	Jew		greedy	any	fatty
cues		screws	Jews		sandy	many	teddy
<u>hue</u>		stew	<u>hewn</u>		empty	<u>dewy</u>	dusty
<u>hues</u>		stews	<u>newt</u>		fifty	<u>boxy</u>	petty
<u>flue</u>		chews	slew		twenty	icky	handy
rue		<u>shrewd</u>	<u>mewl</u>		angry	zany	risky
rues		<u>strewn</u>			clumsy	bony	daddy
		hew			hungry	<u>hazy</u>	holly
		<u>hews</u>			envy	ruby	proxy
		<u>skew</u>			body	tidy	penny
		<u>skews</u>			сору	<u>duly</u>	<u>rally</u>
		mew			sticky	lily	crazy
		mews			study	levy	sixty
			Cha	llenge Wo	ords		
For Use afte	r Unit 25:				For Use after U	nit 26:	
avenue		<u>subdue</u>	<u>crewel</u> *	mildew	<u>industry</u>		enemy
<u>revenue</u> *		Tuesday	undue	renew	<u>unity</u>		<u>galaxy</u>
<u>value</u>		<u>continue</u> *	<u>ensue</u>	<u>revue</u> *	<u>colony</u>		<u>remedy</u> *
rescue		jewel*	suitcase	<u>imbue</u>	comedy		poetry
nuisance		<u>recruit</u> *	<u>sinew</u>		<u>entity</u>		nobody
statue		<u>retinue</u>			<u>deputy</u>		<u>subsidy</u>
<u>fondue</u>		<u>fescue</u>			honesty		<u>trinity</u>
					<u>destiny</u>		

## Section D: Other Vowel Sounds & Suffix -ed

			•			
Uni	t 27	Unit 2	.8	Unit 29	)	
		Additional Re	al Words			
/ed/ words	/d/ words	/t/ words	suffix -ed V-ce	ar words	or words	
<u>stranded</u>	yelled	dished	pined	<u>ark</u>	sort	
acted	cooled	crushed	taped	bar	<u>cord</u>	
roasted	smelled	bumped	gaped	car	form	
lifted	sailed	pinched	joked	<u>tar</u>	<u>morn</u>	
tested	cheered	<u>stumped</u>	boned	part	pork	
toasted	aimed	<u>swished</u>	noted	spark	lord	
trusted	<u>claimed</u>	yanked	<u>mated</u>	cart	<u>worn</u>	
hunted	rained	spanked	sided	yarn	torch	
printed	moaned	winked	poked	card	<u>stork</u>	
rented	loaned	stamped	lined	<u>carp</u>	<u>scorn</u>	
planted	sprained	asked	baked	mark	porch	
fainted	groaned	kissed	<u>quaked</u>	<u>snarl</u>	<u>shorn</u>	
granted	milled	jumped	<u>toned</u>	harp	<u>forth</u>	
lasted	mulled	helped	<u>tiled</u>	harm	<u>sworn</u>	
<u>sifted</u>	buzzed	splashed	<u>muted</u>	<u>stark</u>	<u>snort</u>	
crusted	banged	pressed	based	<u>barb</u>	<u>scorch</u>	
rested	longed	crossed	tuned	chart	storm	
handed	swelled	brushed	robed	charm	<u>torn</u>	
dusted	drilled	sniffed	roped	<u>parch</u>	fort	
		Challenge	Words			
For Use after Uni	t 27:	For Use after Unit 28	:	For Use after Unit 29:		
disgusted	insulted	published	<u>cascaded</u>	<u>marlin</u>	forty	
commented	talented*	punished	<u>contrived</u> *	<u>discard</u>	<u>forlorn</u>	
<u>sandblasted</u>	invented*	<u>demolished</u> *	$combined^{\star}$	sharpen*	<u>orbit</u>	
expected	unlisted	developed*	<u>convened</u> *	harvest*	hornet*	
distracted	<u>discontented</u> *	finished	disliked	artist	stormy	
<u>enchanted</u>	extended	established*	completed*	harmless*	forget*	
implanted	expanded	<u>enriched</u>	<u>admired</u>	garden*	northwest	
invested	<u>conducted</u> *	<u>abolished</u> *	postponed	<u>harden</u> *	forgave	
defrosted	happened	<u>blemished</u>	<u>stampeded</u>	<u>bombard</u> *	<u>torchlight</u>	
prolonged	belonged	handcuffed	inflated	<u>harness</u> *	<u>morbid</u>	

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### Section D: Other Vowel Sounds & Suffix -ed

	Unit 30		Unit 3	1	Unit 32	
			Additional Re	al Words		
ore words	oor words	our words	ir words	ur words	er words	"o" as /ŭ/ words
tore	<u>boor</u>	yours	<u>squirm</u>	<u>cur</u>	<u>fern</u>	glove
<u>bore</u>	<u>boors</u>	tour	<u>swirl</u>	<u>blur</u>	Bert	month
pore	moor	tours	<u>fir</u>	<u>spur</u>	perch	won
<u>fore</u>	moors	pours	firm	<u>purl</u>	<u>pert</u>	front
<u>yore</u>	<u>spoor</u>	<u>court</u>	<u>whirl</u>	<u>hurl</u>	<u>berth</u>	ton
ore	<u>spoors</u>	<u>bourn</u>	<u>birch</u>	<u>lurk</u>	<u>term</u>	sponge
wore		<u>mourn</u>	chirp	<u>blurt</u>	<u>serf</u>	
gore		<u>gourd</u>	birth	<u>churn</u>	<u>perk</u>	
lore		<u>gourds</u>	<u>smirk</u>	church	<u>stern</u>	
<u>swore</u>		fourth	<u>twirl</u>	<u>slur</u>	verb	
bores		source	<u>mirth</u>	burst	jerk	
pores		course	<u>irk</u>	<u>curd</u>	herd	
bored			<u>flirts</u>	burp	germ	
sores	Note:	want to	thirst	curl	clerk	
<u>spore</u>	Teachers may discuss other		<u>shirk</u>	surf	serve	
scored	V-re words at	this point as	<u>gird</u>	curve	verse	
force	well. If so, see Additional Inf		<u>quirk</u>	<u>urge</u>	nerve	
	Instruction pa			<u>curse</u>	merge	
	of this docum			purse		
			Challenge	Words		
For Use aft	er I Init 30.	_	For Use after Unit 31		For Use after Unit 32	
ignore	on onic 50.	hooray	skirmish	Thursday	singer	• oven*
seashore		<u>doorman</u>	birthday	<u>burlap</u>	silver	wonder
adore*		seafloor	<u>confirm</u> *	suburb	permit	cover
afore		nextdoor	birthmark	Saturday	thunder	govern
<u>galore</u> *		<u>amour</u> *	thirty	surplus	fervent*	shovel*
encore		repour	squirrel*	urchin	sterling	dozen*
ashore*		detour	furnish	surmise	vermin	Monday
forego		<u>courtly</u>	birthrate	Saturn	overseas	versus*
poorly		backdoor	infirm	surpass	<u>jerkin</u>	lantern
indoor		doorbell	thirteen	disturb	desert	nothing

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### Section D: Other Vowel Sounds & Suffix -ed

Uni	t 33	Unit 34		Unit 35	
		Addition	al Real Words		
"oo" as /ü/	"oo" as /ü/	"օ	<b>o" a</b> s /ů/	"ow" as /ow/	"ou" as /ow/
<u>coo</u>	loo		<u>crook</u>	owl	pout
<u>coop</u>	<u>woo</u>		flood	bow	ouch
booth	<u>goo</u>		blood	<u>fowl</u>	couch
boom	<u>coot</u>		<u>nook</u>	howl	pouch
hoop	toon		woof	gown	<u>slouch</u>
shoot	toot		<u>sook</u>	brown	<u>scout</u>
proof	<u>shoo</u>		<u>rook</u>	plow	<u>spout</u>
<u>swoop</u>	fool		hoof	<u>scowl</u>	<u>trout</u>
<u>spool</u>	goop		<u>soot</u>	growl	<u>sprout</u>
bloom	poof		<u>woo</u> l	drown	<u>grouch</u>
<u>gloom</u>	<u>loon</u>	hooked		crowd	<u>crouch</u>
<u>stoop</u>	<u>stoop</u> ooze			prowl	<u>stout</u>
droop	droop loot			brow	<u>snout</u>
scoop	loom			drown	wound
brood	<u>mooch</u>			<u>chow</u>	<u>mound</u>
<u>boost</u>	croon			vow	<u>mount</u>
<u>roost</u>	<u>sloop</u>			<u>yowl</u>	hound
roof	droop			prow	<u>bout</u>
loop	<u>snoop</u>			<u>jowl</u>	rout
		Chall	enge Words		
For Use after Unit	t 33:	For Use after	Unit 34:	For Use after Unit 35:	
mushroom	igloo	unhook	childhood	shower	<u>outwit</u>
cartoon	baboon	scrapbook	<u>woodshed</u>	power	<u>cloudburst</u>
<u>harpoon</u>	lampoon	bushy	bully	flower	underground
oozy	<u>tattoo</u>	retook	football	tower	<u>scoutmaster</u>
<u>snooty</u>	wahoo	woodsy	<u>woolen</u> *	powder	<u>flounder</u>
Іоору	roomy	uproot	pocketbook*	downtown	<u>trousers</u>
<u>aloof</u> *	yahoo*	pudding	cookbook	towel	thousand
oolong	<u>retool</u>	lookup	booklet*	vowel	<u>discount</u>
<u>cocoon</u> *	<u>maroon</u>	bookmark	understood	<u>chowder</u>	roundup
spooky	uncool	fishhook	hoodwinked	<u>rowdy</u>	outline

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## Section D: Other Vowel Sounds & Suffix -ed

		Uni	it 36		
		Additional	Real Words		
	"oi" as /oi/			"oy" as /oi/	
	toil			coy	
	moist			soy	
coil				Troy	
	void			ploy	
	<u>loin</u>				
	<u>quoit</u>				
	spoil				
	<u>joint</u>				
	<u>hoist</u>				
	broil				
	<u>foist</u>				
	groin				
	oink				
		Challeng	ge Words		
For Use after Un	nit 36:		For Use after U	nit 36:	
<u>exploit</u>	poison*	<u>turmoil</u>	loyal	destroy*	<u>envoy</u>
sirloin	<u>coinage</u> *	<u>tabloid</u>	-	annoy*	<u>voyage</u> *
<u>thyroid</u>	avoid*	toilet*	decoy	oyster	<u>convoy</u>
ointment*	broiler	rejoice	alloy	boycott	tomboy
<u>embroider</u> *	tinfoil	oilskin	corduroy	royal*	paperboy
recoil	rejoin	<u>devoid</u> *	enjoyment*	decoy	loyalty*
<u>asteroid</u>	<u>oilcloth</u>	uncoil	foyer	<u>ahoy</u> *	<u>employment</u> *
<u>tenderloin</u> *	invoice	<u>cloister</u>	-	-	
doily	topsoil	parboil			

### Section E: Prefixes, Suffixes and More

Uni	t 37	Unit 38	Unit 39						
		Additional Re	eal Words						
"aw" as /ḋ/	"au" as /ḋ/	words with contractions	spr blends	str blends	scr blends	spl blends			
thaw	haul	doesn't	<u>sprig</u>	strap	<u>scruff</u>	<u>splint</u>			
<u>caw</u>	Paul	wouldn't	springs	stress	scraps	splits			
raw	Saul	aren't	<u>spruce</u>	strand	scrubs	splashed			
flaw	<u>taut</u>	you've	<u>spruces</u>	strip	scraped	<u>splurge</u>			
<u>squaw</u>	<u>maul</u>	l've	<u>spry</u>	strikes	scrapes	<u>splats</u>			
hawk	<u>daub</u>	he'd	sprays	stripes	<u>scrams</u>	<u>splay</u>			
<u>pawn</u>	<u>fraud</u>	you're	sprayed	<u>strokes</u>	<u>scry</u>	<u>splosh</u>			
<u>bawl</u>	<u>flaunt</u>	shouldn't	<u>spree</u>	<u>strut</u>	<u>scrum</u>	<u>spleen</u>			
<u>awl</u>	<u>gaunt</u>	here's	sprains	<u>strep</u>	<u>scrim</u>	<u>splice</u>			
<u>shawl</u>	<u>daunt</u>	they've	<u>spritz</u>	<u>strum</u>	screw				
<u>drawl</u>	haunt	l'd	<u>sprung</u>	<u>strewn</u>	screws				
<u>brawl</u>	<u>vault</u>	we'd	<u>sprawl</u>	<u>strobe</u>	screwed				
<u>squawk</u>	<u>haunch</u>	we're	<u>sprint</u>	<u>strove</u>	<u>script</u>				
prawn	launch	couldn't	<u>sprite</u>		<u>scroll</u>				
drawn	sauce	won't	<u>sprites</u>		<u>scribe</u>				
slaw	<u>jaunt</u>	let's			<u>scrawl</u>				
fawn	<u>taunt</u>	we've			<u>scrimp</u>				
<u>gawk</u>	laud	she'd			<u>scrunch</u>				
brawn	<u>paunch</u>	they're			<u>scrooge</u>				
		Challenge	Words						
For Use after	Unit 37:	Note:	For Use after	r Unit 39:					
seesaw	auto	There are few, if any	<u>scruffy</u>	unscr	ew	<u>ascribe</u> *			
<u>outlaw</u>	autumn	multisyllabic contractions.	scraper	splen	did*	splashing			
drawer	<u>autograph</u>	Therefore, teachers might	display	unspilt		splinter			
<u>crawfish</u>	automatic	want to address additional	<u>splutter</u>	springtime		springy			
<u>hawthorn</u>	saucer	spellings for /ḋ/ instead.	respray	<u>spray</u>	er	<u>misprint</u>			
<u>tawny</u>	pauper	salt <u>malt</u>	<u>distracting</u>	sunstro	oke	<u>distribute</u>			
jigsaw	<u>audit</u>	bald walk	destructive	<u>distrac</u>	<u>cted</u>	<u>scrubby</u>			
coleslaw	August	water walrus							
<u>rawhide</u>	astronaut	walnut talk							
<u>sawdust</u>	author*	wall <u>pall</u>							

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### Section E: Prefixes, Suffixes and More

Unit	t 40	Unit 41		Unit 42	
		Additional	Real Words		
compound words lifetime cannot <u>crosswalk</u> anybody <u>meantime</u> sometimes anyone inside <u>firefly</u> sunflower <u>therefore</u>	compound words earthquake <u>upstream</u> everything <u>uplift</u> backbone <u>upside</u> fireworks became <u>sweetmeat</u> railroad <u>throwback</u>	Additional suffix -ful shameful respectful* disrespectful* plateful trustful hateful <u>mindful</u> <u>eventful*</u> <u>skillful</u> blissful regretful prideful	Real Words suffix -ly badly <u>trimly</u> fondly dimly gravely tamely grimly grandly limply lately crisply safely	prefix re- rewind remote rerun <u>respond</u> relax <u>respect</u> <u>reflex</u> <u>recline</u> <u>result</u> remind <u>request</u> reran	prefix un- unzip undid until <u>unlisted</u> unsafe unlikely unmix unseen unlit uncut uncut unwed <u>unfit</u>
without elsewhere baseball become* basketball* football weatherman	nowhere somewhere <u>somewhat</u> himself playthings <u>scapegoat</u> <u>passport</u>	wishful <u>neglectful</u> * <u>fateful</u> <u>tactful</u> <u>restful</u> <u>spiteful</u> <u>lawful</u>	madly sweetly <u>beastly</u> nearly deeply <u>stately</u> sincerely	disrespect refreshment requirement redo resat <u>resow</u> rewin	unsung unload untuck unlace <u>unsnag</u> <u>unclick</u> <u>uncork</u>

### **Challenge Words**

#### Note for Unit 40:

Many of the challenge words from previous units are also compound words. Teachers may refer back to those or use these for additional practice. There may be some overlap among lists. This is also one of the supplementary units and can be skipped with small groups of students or the entire class if data indicates they already know this concept.

#### Note for Units 41 and 42:

At this point in the sequence, challenge is provided primarily through the use of semantically difficult words or words containing a schwa. Underlined words indicate a semantically challenging or unfamiliar word. Asterisks (\*) indicate words with a schwa in one or more syllables.

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### Section E: Prefixes, Suffixes and More

			-,		
Uni	t 43	Unit	: 44	Unit 45	
		Additional	Real Words		
suffix -er stronger longer gruffer wilder milder damper lower fewer older	suffix -est strongest longest gruffest wildest mildest dampest lowest fewest oldest	consonant le bundle humble fable jumble ankle stumble sample dimple grumble	consonant le rankle fumble tingle jungle bungle tumble spindle muddle riddle	<b>"ea" as</b> /ĕ/ read <u>lead</u> wealth thread <u>tread</u> health <u>realm</u> death sweat	
odder safer wider nicer riper rarer finer elder sooner dearer	oddest safest widest nicest ripest rarest finest eldest soonest dearest	crumble cable meddle gamble tremble nibble riddle trifle ladle waggle	cripple cuddle cattle dazzle sizzle bottle saddle guzzle drizzle fizzle	<u>threat</u> <u>leapt</u> <u>dread</u> breast <u>beau</u> <u>leant</u> <u>stead</u> <u>dealt</u>	
		Challen	ge Words		
use of semantically words indicate a se	and 44: sequence, challenge difficult words or w emantically challeng h a schwa in one or h	For Use after Unit 45: pleasant heaven treadle peasant sweating headmaster sweaty deadly	dreadful breakfast sweater already wealthy leaden header headed		